

First Amendment: Clean Claims

- 1. A vehicle-mounted device for capturing video imagery in response to a triggering
- 2 event, comprising:
 - a housing;
- an image sensor mounted to said housing, said image sensor sensing optical phenomena representing said video imagery;
 - a data sensor circuit within said housing and in part responsive to said triggering RECEIVED event; and

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 - a capture circuit within said housing; said capture circuit comprising:
 - a non-volatile memory; and

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a volatile, random-access memory configured as a continuous-loop buffer; said volatile memory coupled to said non-volatile memory and coupled to said image sensor; said volatile memory capturing a signal representing said video imagery from said image sensor in a first-in, first-overwritten manner, and, responsive to said data sensor circuit sensing a triggering event, terminating capture of said signal and copying the captured signal representing video imagery to said non-volatile memory.

- 2. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said capture circuit
- terminates capture of said signal a predetermined time interval after occurrence of said triggering event.
 - 3. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said capture circuit
- 2 comprises a digital recording circuit having a digital memory and records said signal representing said video imagery.
- 4. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 3, wherein said capture circuit further
 2 records a signal representing data produced by said data sensor circuit.

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5. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said capture circuit

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- 2 comprises a transmitter transmitting a signal representing said video imagery to a remote location.
 - 6. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 5, wherein said transmitter transmits said signal in real-time.
 - 7. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said data sensor circuit comprises a sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device.
- 8. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 7, wherein said data sensor circuit comprises a forward sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device in a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing and a
- 4 lateral sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device in a direction substantially parallel to said direction of elongation of said housing.
- 9. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said image sensor is
 2 disposed behind said mirror and senses said optical phenomena transmitted through a portion of said mirror.
- The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 9, wherein said portion of said
 mirror is half-silvered and partially transmits and partially reflects said optical
 phenomena to provide said mirror with a uniformly mirrored appearance.
- 11. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 9, wherein said portion of said mirror2 is transparent.
- 12. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein said image sensor is
 oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing.

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The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 12, wherein said image sensor

comprises first and second portions, said first portion oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing, said second portion oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation

of said housing and axially opposite said direction from which said optical phenomena

impinges upon said first portion.

The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 13, wherein said first portion of said image sensor is disposed behind said, mirror and senses said optical phenomena transmitted through a portion of said mirror.

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The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein:

2 said data sensor circuit further comprises a global positioning system (GPS) receiver identifying a geographic position of said vehicle-mounted device; and

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said capture circuit further records a signal representing said geographic position.

The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 1, wherein:

2 said data sensor circuit further comprises a microphone; and said capture circuit further records a signal representing said, sound impinging upon said microphone.

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A vehicle-mounted device for capturing video imagery in response to a triggering event, comprising:

a housing having a generally elongated shape;

4 a rear-view mirror mounted to said housing and having a generally elongated shape;

6 an image sensor mounted to said housing, said image sensor sensing optical phenomena representing said video imagery;

a data sensor circuit within said housing and in part responsive to said triggering event; and

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a capture circuit within said housing; said capture circuit comprising:

a non-volatile memory; and

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a volatile, random-access memory configured as a continuous-loop buffer; said volatile memory coupled to said non-volatile memory and coupled to said image sensor;

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said volatile memory capturing a signal representing said video imagery from said image sensor in a first-in, first-overwritten manner, and, responsive to said data sensor circuit

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sensing a triggering event, terminating capture of said signal and copying the captured

signal representing video imagery to said non-volatile memory.

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18. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said capture circuit terminates capture of said signal a predetermined time interval after occurrence of said

triggering event.

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The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said capture circuit

2 comprises a digital recording circuit having a digital memory and records said signal

representing said video imagery.

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20. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 19, wherein said capture circuit

further records a signal representing data produced by said data sensor circuit.

21. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said capture circuit

comprises a transmitter transmitting a signal representing said video imagery to a remote

location.

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22. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 21, wherein said transmitter

2 transmits said signal in real-time.

The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said data sensor circuit

2 comprises a sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device.

- 24. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 23, wherein said data sensor circuit
- 2 comprises a forward sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device in a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing and a
- 4 lateral sensor responsive to a change in force experienced by said device in a direction substantially parallel to said direction of elongation of said housing.
 - 25. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said image sensor is disposed behind said mirror and senses said optical phenomena transmitted through a portion of said mirror.
 - 26. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 25, wherein said portion of said mirror is half-silvered and partially transmits and partially reflects said optical phenomena to provide said mirror with a uniformly mirrored appearance.
- 27. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 25, wherein said portion of said
 2 mirror is transparent.
- 28. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein said image sensor is oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing.
- 29. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 18, wherein said image sensor
 comprises first and second portions, said first portion oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing, said second portion oriented to sense optical phenomena impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation of said housing and axially opposite said direction from which said optical phenomena

impinge upon said first portion.

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30. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 29, wherein said first portion of said image sensor is disposed behind said mirror and senses said optical phenomena transmitted through a portion of said mirror.

31. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein:

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said data sensor circuit further comprises a global positioning system (GPS)

receiver identifying a geographic position of said vehicle-mounted device; and

said capture circuit further records a signal representing said geographic position.

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32. The vehicle-mounted device claimed in claim 17, wherein:

said data sensor circuit further comprises a microphone; and

said capture circuit further records a signal representing said sound impinging

upon said microphone.

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33. A method for capturing video imagery in a vehicle-mounted system in response to a

triggering event, said system comprising a rear-view mirror device mounted upon a

windshield of a vehicle, said rear-view mirror device having a housing with a generally

4 elongated shape, a mirror assembly mounted to said housing and having a generally

elongated shape, an image sensor mounted to said housing and sensing optical

6 phenomena representing said video imagery, a data sensor circuit within said housing,

and a capture circuit within said housing; said capture circuit comprising: a non-volatile

8 memory; and a volatile, random-access memory configured as a continuous-loop buffer;

said volatile memory coupled to said non-volatile memory, the method comprising the

10 steps of:

said image sensor sensing optical phenomena transmitted through a portion of

said mirror assembly and representing said video imagery; and

said capture circuit capturing said video imagery in said volatile, random-access memory

in a first-in, first-overwritten manner, and, responsive to said data sensor circuit sensing

a triggering event, terminating capture of said signal representing said video imagery and

16 copying the captured signal representing video imagery to said non-volatile memory.

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34. The method claimed in claim 33, further comprising the step of transmitting a

2 signal representing said video imagery to a remote location.

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35. The method claimed in claim 33, wherein said step of terminating capture of said

2 signal representing said video imagery comprises terminating capture of said signal in

response to a change in force experienced by said device.

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36. A method for capturing video imagery in a vehicle-mounted system in response to a

triggering event, said system comprising a rear-view mirror device mounted upon a

windshield of a vehicle, said rear-view mirror device having a housing with a generally

elongated shape, a mirror assembly mounted to said housing and having a generally

elongated shape, an image sensor mounted to said housing and sensing optical

phenomena representing said video imagery, a data sensor circuit within said housing,

and a capture circuit within said housing; said capture circuit comprising: a non-volatile

memory; and a volatile, random-access memory configured as a continuous-loop buffer;

said volatile memory coupled to said non-volatile memory, the method comprising the

10 steps of:

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A said image sensor sensing optical phenomena representing said video imagery

impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation

of said housing and forwardly through said windshield of said vehicle and vehi

impinging upon it from a direction substantially perpendicular to a direction of elongation

of said housing and rearwardly with respect to said vehicle; and

said capture circuit capturing said video imagery in said volatile, random-access memory

in a first-in, first-overwritten manner, and, responsive to said data sensor circuit sensing

a triggering event, terminating capture of said signal representing said video imagery and

copying the captured signal representing video imagery to said non-volatile memory.

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37. The method claimed in claim 36, further comprising the step of transmitting a

2 signal representing said video imagery to a remote location.

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38. The method claimed in claim 36, wherein said step of terminating capture of said signal representing said video imagery comprises terminating capture of said signal in response to a change in force experienced by said device.

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- 39. A method for mounting a system for capturing video imagery in response to a triggering event, comprising the step of mounting upon a vehicle windshield a device comprising a housing, an image sensor mounted to said housing and sensing optical phenomena representing said video imagery, a data sensor circuit within said housing responsive to said triggering event, and a capture circuit within said; said capture circuit comprising: a non-volatile memory; and a volatile, random-access memory configured as a continuous-loop buffer; said volatile memory coupled to said non-volatile memory and coupled to said image sensor; said volatile memory capturing a signal representing said video imagery from said image sensor in a first-in, first-overwritten manner, and, responsive to said data sensor circuit sensing a triggering event, terminating capture of said signal and copying the captured signal representing video imagery to said non-volatile memory.
- 40. The method claimed in claim 39, wherein said housing has a generally elongated
 shape, said device further comprises a suction-cup attached to said housing and a mirror having a generally elongated shape mounted to said housing, and said mounting step
 comprises the step of adhering said device to said windshield.
- 41. The method claimed in claim 39, wherein said mounting step comprises the step of engaging said suction-cup upon said windshield.

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